Penicillin G Procaine Depletion from Tissues of Heavy Sows

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Background

- Under AMDUCA, the off-label use of approved veterinary drugs is allowed
- Veterinarians must recommend withdrawal periods that are sufficient to allow drug residues to deplete from edible tissues
- Few data exist for off-label use of most drugs
- FARAD recommends withdrawal periods based on the best available evidence

Background

- Penicillin-G procaine is an important antibiotic for use in heavy sows
- In May of 2011, FSIS changed screening methods and the incidence of penicillin-G detections spiked significantly
- FARAD recommended 15-d withdrawal period appeared to be insufficient

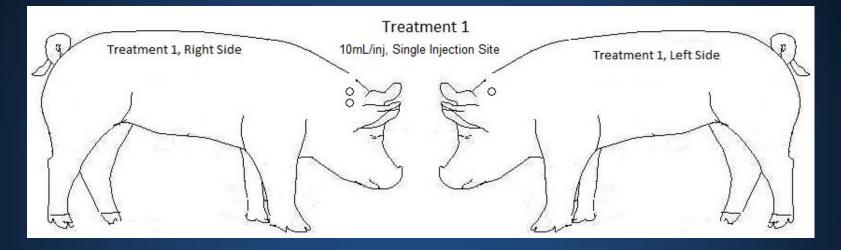
Objectives

- Determine pre-slaughter withdrawal periods for heavy sows treated with a 5x IM penicillin-G procaine dose for 3 consecutive days
- Determine most appropriate pattern (site and volume) of intramuscular (IM) penicillin-G procaine administration
- Determine the incidence of false-positives returned by the Charm-KIS microbial inhibition test (used by the US FSIS)

Animals/Dosing

- Heavy sows, n = 126
 - Starting weight: $228.3 \pm 30.1 \text{ kg}$
 - Ending weight: 230.9 ± 30.1 kg
- Penicillin-G procaine administration
 - Intramuscular in neck
 - 33,000 U per kg BW (5x label dose)
 - 5 mL/100 lb BW or 11 mL/100 kg BW
 - 3 consecutive days
- Three administration patterns (treatments)

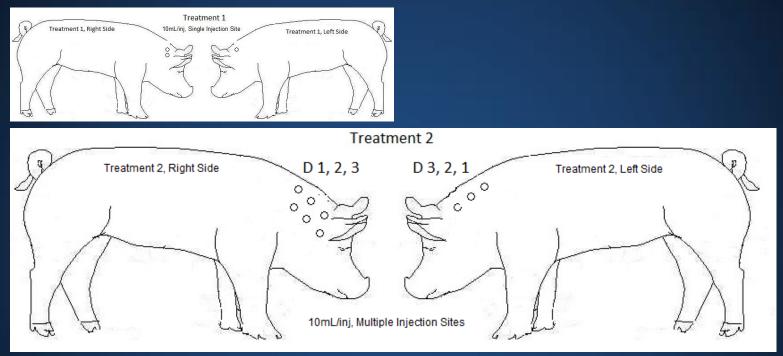
Treatment 1



- Maximum injection volume of 10 mL
- 10 mL in right & left sides, >20 mL in right side
- Same injection sites each day
- For 250 kg sow

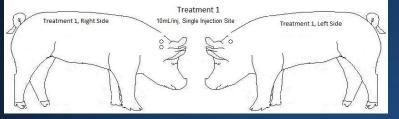
•10 mL R, 10 mL L, 7.5 mL R

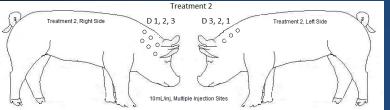
Treatment 2



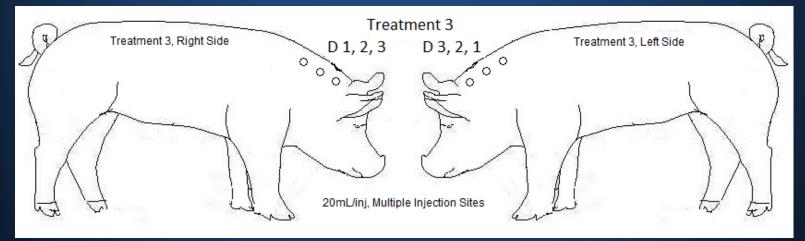
- Maximum injection volume of 10 mL
- 10 mL in right & left sides, >20 mL in right side
- Across day- injection sites separated by ~2 inches

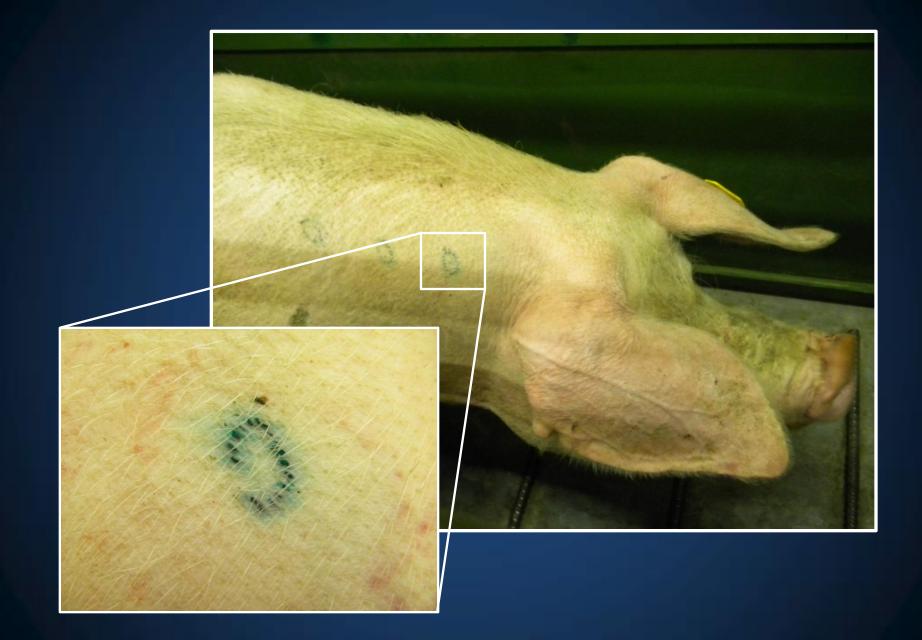
Treatment 3





- Max injection volume of 20 mL
- 20 mL in right side, volume >20 mL in left side
- Across day- injection sites separated by ~2 inches





Slaughter/Tissue Collection

- Withdrawal Periods: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 32, 39 d
- Tissues:
 - Kidney, muscle (longissimus), liver, adipose tissue
- Other:
 - Urine, serum
 - Injection site

Design Summary

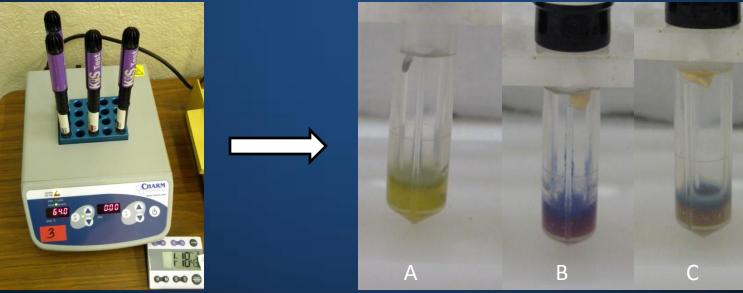
Replication of treatment and withdrawal times

Withdrawal		Trial 1		_		Trial 2		
time	Trt 1	Trt 2	Trt 3		Trt 1	Trt 2	Trt 3	
d	sows	SOWS	SOWS		sows	sows	SOWS	total
5	3	3	3		3	3	3	18
10	3	3	3		3	3	3	18
15	3	3	3		3	3	3	18
20	3	3	3		3	3	3	18
25	3	3	3		3	3	3	18
32	3	3	3		3	3	3	18
39	3	3	3		3	3	3	18
Totals:	21	21	21		21	21	21	126

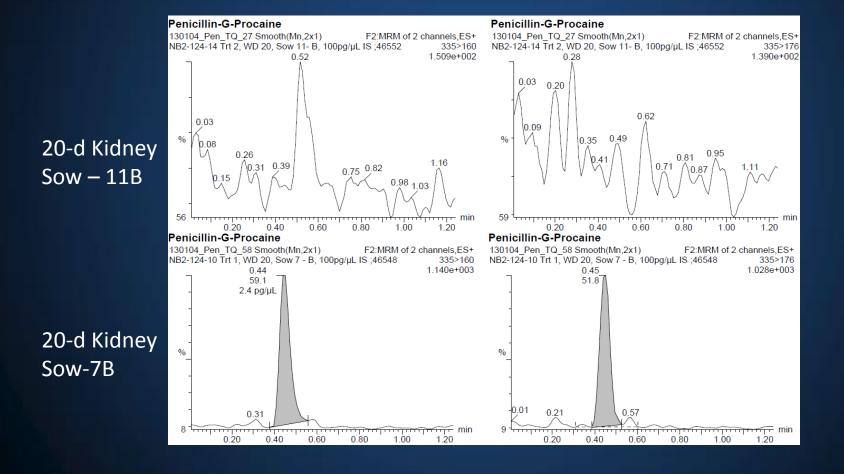
Endpoints: Qualitative Screen

Charm-KIS rapid screen:

- Kidney samples on the kill floor
- Muscle, kidney, liver, serum, urine, injection site in laboratory

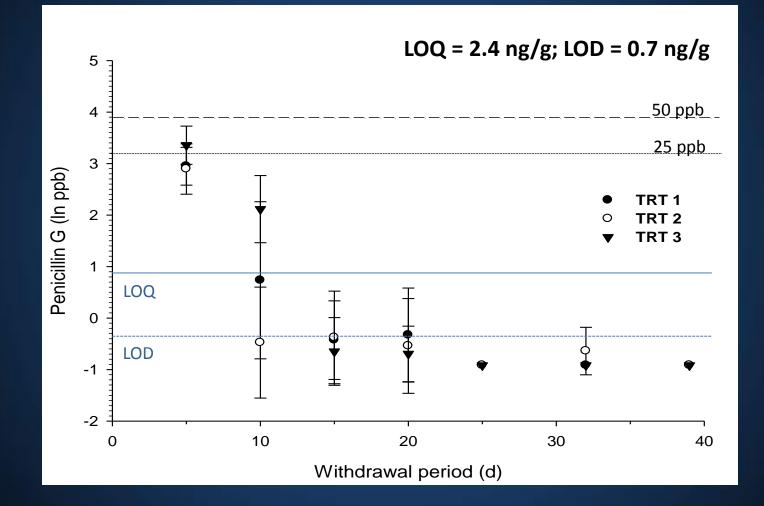


Endpoints: Quantitative/Confirmatory UPLC-Mass Spectrometry:



Summary of Qualitative Results

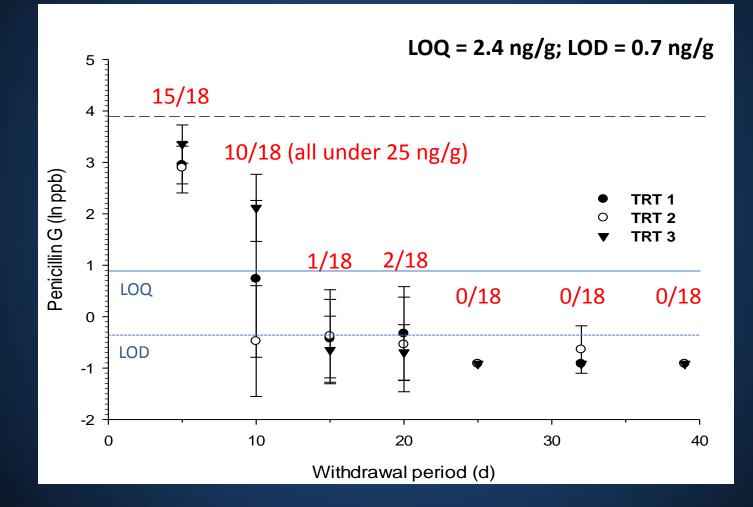
- Charm-KIS performed well for kidney tissues
 - No false-positives
 - Sensitive to ~20 ppb in our hands
 - Predicted presence of UPLC-MS positive samples well
- Skeletal muscle was a poor matrix
- Charm-KIS of urine correlated very well with Charm-KIS of kidney residues

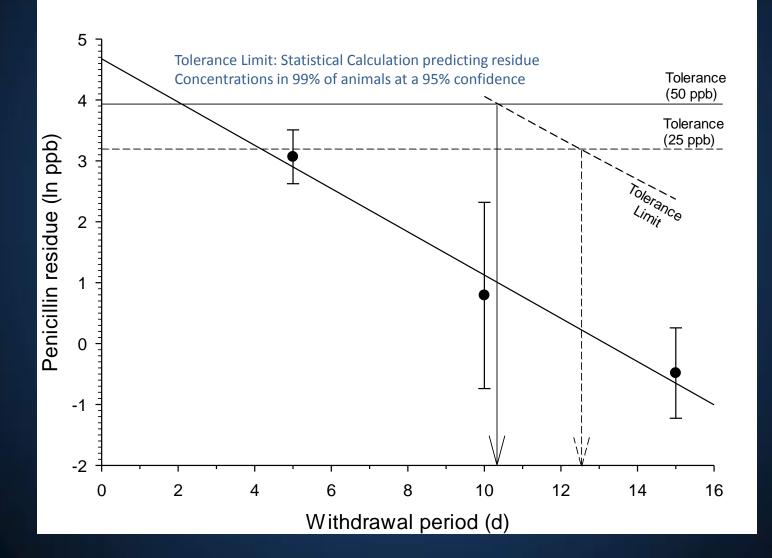


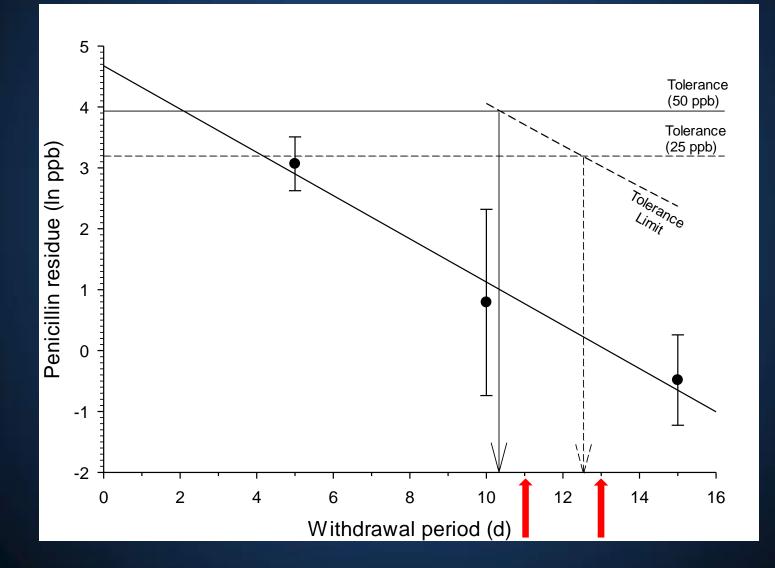
To Calculate a Withdrawal Period

• FDA Requires:

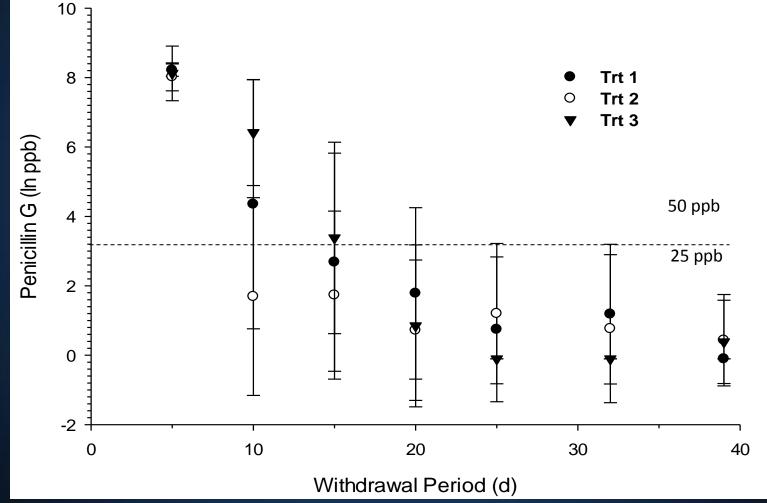
- Use portion of depletion curve which is <u>linear</u> with time (P < 0.05)
- Normal distribution of residue data
- Constant variance over time
- Time point should have at least "3 acceptable observations"
 - FDA suggests excluding data below the method LOQ or LOD
 - (EU includes data below the method LOQ or LOD, ie. ½ method LOD)

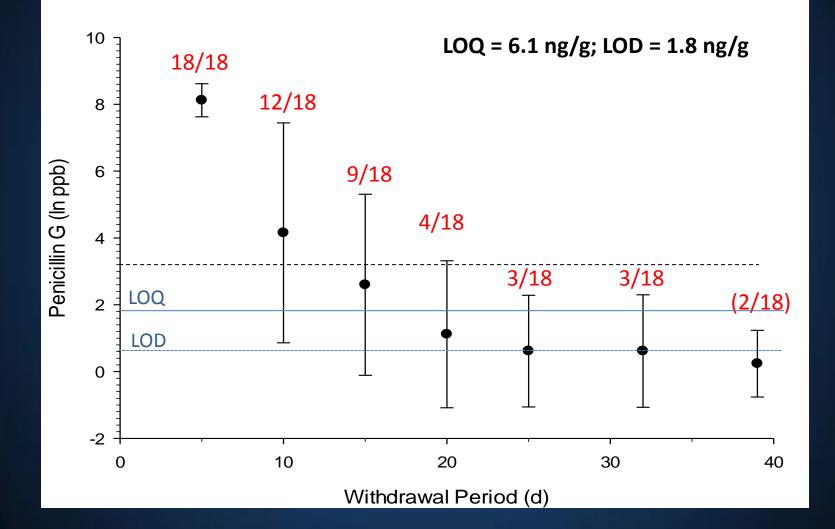


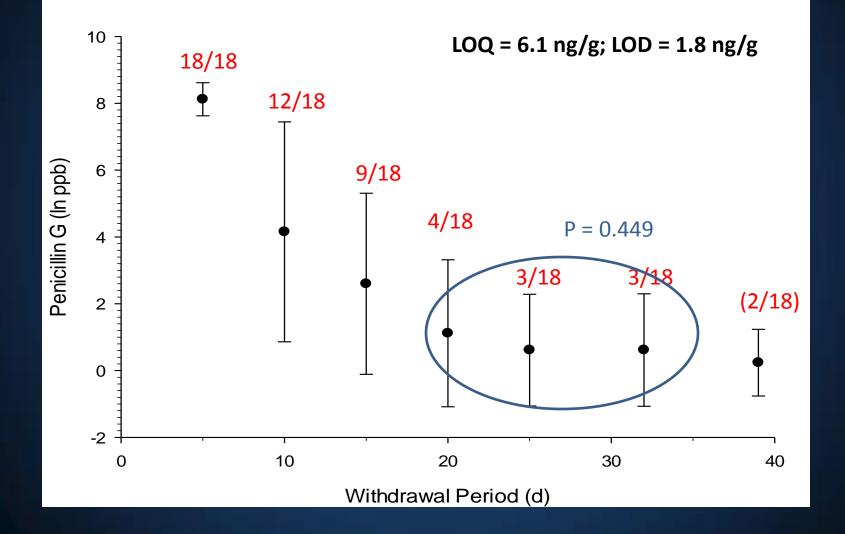


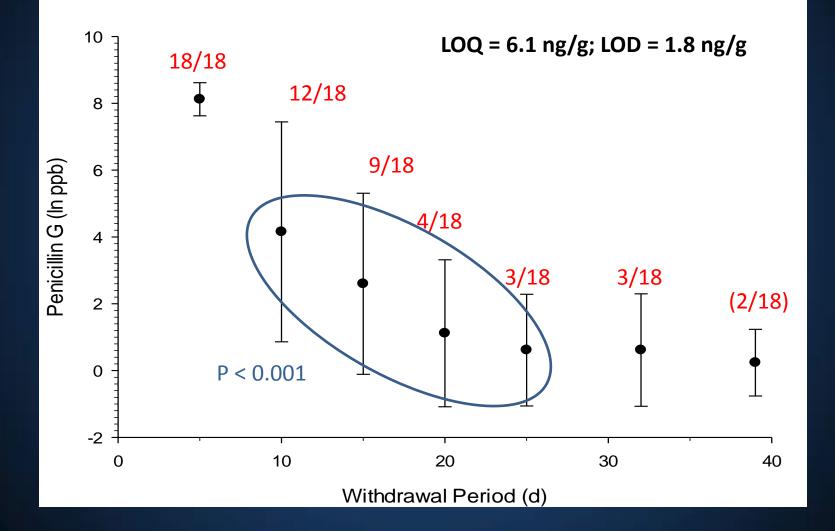


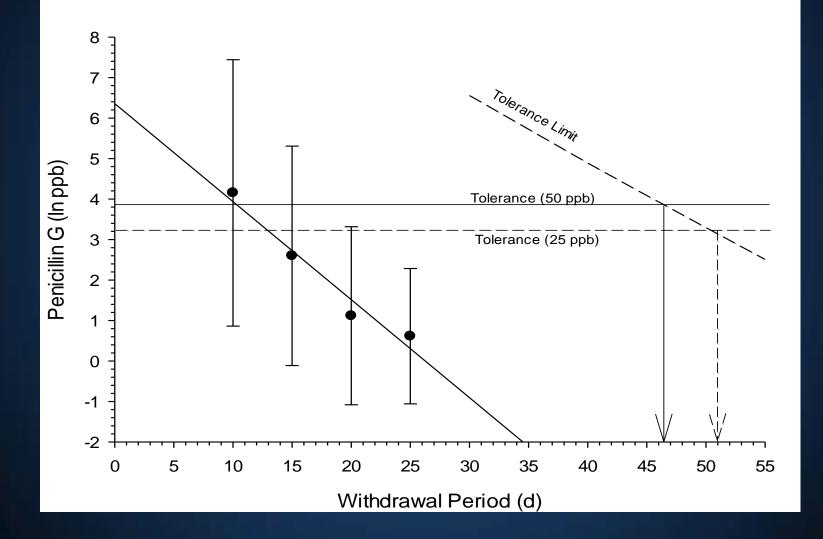
LOQ = 6.1 ng/g; LOD = 1.8 ng/g

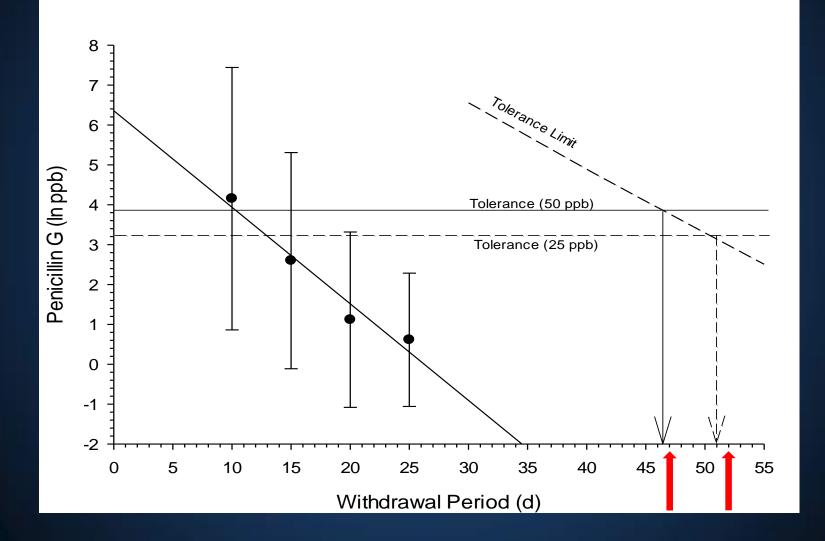












Conclusions

- Treatment pattern had little discernible effect on muscle or kidney penicillin-G residues
- Penicillin-G residues deplete rapidly from skeletal muscle
 - Estimated withdrawal days for skeletal muscle were 11 and 13 days (50 and 25 ppb MRL)
 - FARAD recommended 15-d withdrawal period is adequate
- Penicillin-G residues deplete slowly from kidney
 - Estimated withdrawal days for kidney were 47 and 52 days (50 and 25 ppb MRL)
 - FARAD recommended 15-d withdrawal period is inadequate

Recommendations

- Producer use of the Charm-KIS to screen urine from treated animals
 - \$2 to \$3 per assay
 - ~1500 set-up expenses

 Establish a kidney discard at the packing plant for penicillin-G treated sows